# Carolus.

An early maincrop, multipurpose ware variety with attractive red eyes and late blight resistance in foliage and tuber.

- Multipurpose variety
- High dry matter content
- Floury cooking







Organic

**Retail** Fresh

il Traditional



## characteristics

#### **General characteristics**

Breeder: Agrico Research B.V. Crossing: AGRIA x AR 00-94-17 Breedersright: 31-12-2043 Seedling: AR 02-3225

#### Plant and tuber characteristics

Maturity: early maincrop / 6

Light sprout colour: blue violet / BV

Flower colour: purple / P

Number of berries: very high / 4

Foliage - initial development: average / 6

Foliage - final development: good / 8

Foliage - firmness: firm / 8

Skin colour: yellow with red eyes / Y/R

Flesh colour: yellow / 7 Skin finish: good / 7 Tuber shape: oval / O

Regularity of tuber shape: regular / 7

Tuberisation: average / 6
Tuber size: quite large / 7
Regularity of size: regular / 7
Dormancy: average / 6,5

### Sensitivity and quality

Secondary growth: slightly sensitive / 7

Black spot (internal bruising): quite sensitive / 6

**Growth cracks:** sensitive / 5,5 **Harvest damage:** sensitive / 5,5

Metribuzin - pre-emergence: very sensitive / 4,5 Metribuzin - post-emergence: quite sensitive / 6

Bentazon: quite sensitive / 6

Ethylene: 15% to 25% more tubers / 7

Underwater weight: 398
Dry matter content: 21,6%
Cooking type: floury / BC

Discolouration (after cooking): quite sensitive / 6

Raw discolouration: slightly sensitive / 7

Fries quality: good / 7

Dry matter distribution: excellent / 8

Crisping quality: good / 7

TGA-level: 5,4





# How to grow

#### Fertilization <sup>1</sup>

Nitrogen: standard advice + 10%.

Phosphate: standard advice.

Potassium: standard advice + 15%.

#### Seed treatment

A short heat shock or proper pre-sprouting is recommended. Preferably plant the tubers into warm soil, as the initial development of this variety is slow. Desprouting can have a negative impact on yield and size regularity.

#### Planting distance

28/35 mm: 20 cm (66.500 plants/ha) 35/55 mm: 27 cm (49.000 plants/ha)

#### Weeds

After emerge, don't use metribuzin (Sencor), as it gives a severe foliage reaction and a serious yield reduction.

#### **Fungicides**

Despite the late blight resistance, remain alert for infections.

#### **Harvest**

Due to its sensitivity scores for black spot and/or harvest damage, wait at least two weeks after haulm killing before harvest.

#### Storage - .

Preferred storage temperature is 5 °C. For processing purposes, do not store below 7 °C. Suitable for medium term storage.



#### Resistances

Virus - Leaf roll: - / -

Virus - Yn: slightly susceptible / 7

Virus - Yntn (tuber): slightly susceptible / 7

Spraing: slightly susceptible / 6

**Late blight - foliage:** slightly to not susceptible / 9 **Late blight - tuber:** slightly to not susceptible / 9

**Fusarium:** slightly susceptible / 6 **Common scab:** susceptible / 5

Say potato, say Agrico.

Powdery scab: susceptible / 5

Black dot: slightly susceptible / 6

Wart disease F1: resistant / 10

Wart disease F6: - / - Wart disease F18: - / -

Golden nematode Ro 1/4: - / -

Golden nematode Ro 2/3: - / -

White nematode Pa 2: - / -

White nematode Pa 3: - / -

